Pres. Pendleton Urges Clear Thinking

Encourages Students to Enroll for Intellectual Service

"We have no right to be here in Wellesley claiming these advantages unless we are ready to serve through clear thinking," said President Pendleton before the entire college at Chapel on Thursday morning, February 28. Dr. Henry Chadwick's discussion week and the Forum which followed it had served to bring before the college the movement, originated at the Northfield Student Volunteer Conference last January, to organize for the definite study of those principles which are at the basis of a Christian world democracy. President Pendleton, although she was attending a Chicago conference at the time of the Forum, had had its substance placed before her in a stimulating report, and on the occasion of this special Chapel service expressed her conviction as to the obligation of the American student in this crisis. The earnestness of her appeal for wisdom and for the guidance of the fundamental principles essential to the solution of the tremendous problems which now confront the world, seemed to imply that she saw a far greater danger than she expressed in the present widespread indifference to the principles, if not to the actual facts, of peace and war.

Referring to her recent trip to Chicago, President Pendleton stated that universal military service was the theme of many of the speeches which she heard there. Consequently it is doubly hard for Wellesley students, who may not be subject to universal military service, still, they pointed out, they must all believe in, and volunteer for, universal national service. Otherwise they are as truly slackers as the man who avoids military service. Every true American must now believe in the winning of this war according to the principles which have been enunciated by President Wilson. No woman has the right to accept all Wellesley gives if she is unwilling to give herself in turn to the service of the country and the world.

In closing, President Pendleton announced that suggestive topics for discussion groups had been prepared for distribution and requested the students to enroll in these groups, thus "entering the lists as thinkers on these great world topics," answering the demand of our country's "clear and earnest thought. She also emphasized the thought that the present need was not for a hasty order of time and organization but for a "turning aside from the triviality which has occupied us all to take a share in the solution of the great problems of democracy."

HELP SOLVE THE MYSTERY!

There is a myth existing in college that there are certain organizations which come under "Group II" and which are rumored to be spite clubs. There is nowhere to be found a list of these clubs and their officers. Consequently it is doubly hard for members of the News Board to obtain notices of the meeting of these clubs, and many reports have to be omitted each time.

Will some informed person be kind enough to furnish a complete list of these clubs? The president of each might deposit in the News Contribution box the name of the club and its officers. It would be of enormous value to many people to have these clubs on file.

SOCIETY INITIATIONS.

Society initiations will take place on Saturday, March 9. Placements will be announced as follows:

**The Agora.**

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1919</td>
<td>Claire Coolidge</td>
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<td>1919</td>
<td>Ruth K. Robinson</td>
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<td>Margerie Stone</td>
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<td>Gertrude R. Bristol</td>
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<td>Catherine A. Hope</td>
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<td>Madeline Gibson</td>
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<td>Esther Hoover</td>
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<td>1918</td>
<td>Katherine Bonbright</td>
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<td>Gladys Haven</td>
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**Phi Sigma.**

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<td>1919</td>
<td>Margaret T. Maxwell</td>
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<td>Alice K. Pinon</td>
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<td>Helen J. Ted</td>
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**Tau Zeta Epsilon.**

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<th>Year</th>
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<tr>
<td>1918</td>
<td>Mary Elizabeth Currin</td>
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<td>1918</td>
<td>Theodore L. Hayden</td>
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<td>1918</td>
<td>Marjorie B. Hammond</td>
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<td>1918</td>
<td>Edith L. Mitchell</td>
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<td>1918</td>
<td>Dorothy Porter</td>
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<td>Emma K. Anderson</td>
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<td>Mary E. Harding</td>
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<td>1919</td>
<td>Mary S. Crowther</td>
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<td>1919</td>
<td>René H. Harris</td>
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**Zeta Alpha.**

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<th>Year</th>
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<td>1918</td>
<td>Mildred Butler</td>
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<td>1918</td>
<td>Joyce Crosby</td>
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<td>1919</td>
<td>Beatrice Page</td>
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<td>1919</td>
<td>Marlon F. Lord</td>
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<td>1919</td>
<td>Marion C. Hamblet</td>
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<td>1919</td>
<td>Elizabeth Mck. Scott</td>
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<td>1919</td>
<td>Kathryn L. Hinrichs</td>
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<td>Ruth Show</td>
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**MME. SZUMOSKA'S PROGRAM.**

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<td>Gluck-Brahms</td>
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<td>Nocturne</td>
<td>Schumann</td>
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<td>Malarke</td>
<td>Chopin</td>
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<td>Two Etudes</td>
<td>Chopin</td>
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<td>C Minor</td>
<td>Chopin</td>
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<td>G Sharp Minor</td>
<td>Chopin</td>
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<td>Scherno, B Minor</td>
<td>Chopin</td>
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<tr>
<td>Irish Read</td>
<td>Cyril Scott</td>
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<tr>
<td>Los Abollais (The Bees)</td>
<td>Dubois</td>
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<td>Second Rhapsody</td>
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* The Mason and Hamlin Pianoforte.
"PARIS GREEN FOR KAISER BILL."

Such is the sentiment of that part of the college who deserve the "royal blue for Wellesley." Unfortunately a scrap from the conversation of one undergraduate made us realize that the train last week would lead us to suppose that some members of the community are not concerned about the future welfare of the Kaiser.

Let them sign up for their war work if they want to, it was the remark of a young patriot who followed it this实践经验 exclamation, "It doesn't interest me!"

Some weeks ago the News received a letter from Dorothy S. Miller, associate editor of "The New Tribune," who in paper's cooperation with the officials of the town of Wellesley in detecting disloyal citizens. At that time the request seemed ridiculous; when the above remark is taken into consideration, however, the Government appears to have known what it was about. To be sure, any number of excuses will be made for the aforesaid patriotic student—she didn't mean what she said, she didn't think before the spoke and so on and so on. Still, this letter serves to remind us once more of the "skeggeyhabbit" and we are the more confident that there is no adequate excuse for anything and no acceptable reason on the part of any American—unless she be deaf, dumb and brainless—for a lack of interest in war work.

If such indifference exists in Wellesley, when the discussion week and the Forum are still being talked of on every side, indeed on the very day following President Pendleton's earnest appeal for enlistment in the ranks of those who serve democracy with sincere and intelligent thought—what is the condition in the less highly organized and less easily influenced sections of our country? Such an attitude here or elsewhere is definitely pro-German; it is even more harmful to the allied cause than anti-Germanism since it seldom creates opposition.

The News is at least one organization in the college which proposes to put a stop to such disloyalty. However the college "news magazine" may, as Mr. Ozer and Stevens pointed out last Saturday night, by its very nature fail in other services, we feel that it still succeeds as the reflector and creator of public opinion. Indeed, it is in the service of the college paper which justifies the recent conference; the undergraduate editors assembled at Wellesley over the last weekend realized that fact, and made ways and means of utilizing it for the benefit of and activity in their clique concerns. That conference, because it emphasized for the college paper the necessity of putting into practice a public spirited war time policy, takes on the significance of an event destined to have wide influence in the enlistment of students as workers and thinkers on great world topics.

It is our hope that the next few weeks to prove that the News will be definitely of service to the newly formed discussion groups through the adoption of the suggestion made by Professor Vida D. Scudder at the Forum, or of some similar plan.

For the present, it is our purpose to report a few indifferent Wellesley students from their lethargy, and if that be impossible, to make these truly patriotic citizens of the community see it as their duty to orient themselves who will not respond to the need for countless pairs of well knit socks and for carefully thought out peace proposals.

W. S. S.

Not with the difficulty which entitles the purchase implied in the title of this statement in England but in the easiest possible way thrift stamps may be procured on Wellesley Campus. Some of the patriotic citizens—notably the heads of the college dormitories—will be prepared to sell the Government war saving stamps and are selling them during their regular office hours. No method of buying the stamps could be more simple than that by which the purchase, be it small or large, may be made within one's own home. It would seem unnecessary to urge cooperation in the sale of thrift stamps when they are unquestionably so wise an investment from the point of view of their usefulness to the country than raised is to be of world service.

FREE PRESS.

All contributions for this column must be signed with the full name of the author. Only articles thus signed will be accepted.

The Editors do not hold themselves responsible for opinions and statements which appear in this column.

Contributions should be in the hands of the Editors by 9 a.m. on Monday.

A CONSTRUCTIVE SUGGESTION.

Since plans developing from the Forum of February 21 seem not to be decisively arranged, I should like to make one more proposal which seems to me to meet the requirements suggested by other proposals and at the same time to add a desirable cohesiveness to the general scheme. I believe that it is because we lack fundamental consistency in our thinking that so many of us confront the whole reconstruction situation amazed, almost helpless, in lack of imagination and the will to do chiefly because we lack intellectual integration.

The budger circulated during the past week by the committee in charge, while doubtless useful are impressed by force of circumstances, I think, be unfortunate as suggesting a program for our enterprise. The topics are not unified by any relation to a general aim, some are fundamental; can hardly be fruitfully discussed until more fundamental questions shall have been answered. Thus, while inquiry based upon these topics may enlighten individuals, it will yield no useful work of principles upon which, as a community, we can stake our fate for the future.

Mr. Norman Angell, in his lecture on the Political Strategy of the Allies, warned us that the reconstruction of our world has already begun, that the proposals of the belligerents represent the first stages of the peace adjustments. Here then, in the proposals of the governments at war, is a vital program of self-study for all of us, a program that every intelligent human being should understand if good will and wisdom are to prevail over fear, greed, distrust and ignorant prejudice at the end of the war. We lack, he pointed out, the theories in which the new civilization may be grounded. Theories which actually are or are not going to find expression in the new order of things. Whether we want to or not, whether we think we can or not, we are impressed by force of circumstances to grapple with these questions. If we lack information to discuss them, then we must be self-sufficient to get it. Intellectual modesty cannot forbid us to have opinions on these matters, can it? Who are we, for whom are they enough? In all these inquiries we shall not lack leadership. If we cannot settle the questions, even for ourselves, we may be led to discover the issues in them and learn something of what responsible thinkers have brought to bear upon them. Nearly all the topics proposed at the Forum as hopeful for study and nearly all those suggested need the discussion explicit or implicit in the proposals of the belligerents. Thus by adopting this plan, we shall not discard the suggestions of the Committee, but simply organize them.

For purposes of study the February number of The New York Times Current History Magazine exhibits several of these proposals conveniently. The "Fourteen Articles" of President Wilson, the January speech of Lloyd-George, the December 21 speech of Wilson appear in parallel columns down the page, so arranged that, across the page, one reads the varying proposals in regard to a single principle. To these proposals should now be added President Wilson's personal interpretation of policy set out in his address of February 11, the program of the British labor party, the more recent negotiations of the Bolsheviki, and so forth. As we make anything which may be a response of Count Czernin and of Chancelleror von Hartling to allied representations. The Review of Reviews is also furnishing in convenient form materials for such consideration. With still more, the "New Republic" and the New World, to mention only three of our periodicals, are focusing discussion from week to week very directly upon these proposals.

Examining these documents, we should immediately discover serious inconsistencies in allied plans for the new regime, and we should look for the root of them. We should discover that, even if we are able to establish stability in the world, and when we come to consider the dispositions regarding the new order among the allies, their essentially democratic plans, purged of inconsistencies, cannot fully operate nor succeed in a Civilization grounded on the belief that national aspirations must be free from the check of international covenants.

We should be driven to fundamental considerations. Mr. Oswald Villard in the Nation for Jan. 15, 1915, had fully stated the Bismarck principle of the establishment of four underlying principles, general disarmament, freedom of trade, self-determination for all peoples, establishment of international parliament and Court. If such propositions should be carried out, could be established if the pre-eminence of the international ideal over the national ideal is not first set up. None of the principles could be secure nor successful without the other one. He makes the necessity of thinking out fundamentals first and of checking up one principle for its consistency with the others involved and with the plan of the whole if we are to develop a rational order.

But how shall we have room in this rather formal plan for the tastes of individuals? Frankly I haven't too much patience with delicate individual souls. In these matters we should be good for all of us to acquire at least a dozen new tastes and sympathies in the next fifteen weeks of the year. Tastes acquired by submerging our "individualities" in a common enterprise, in the molding and changing of our characters oth-er than than promoting. However this plan would have large room for individual preferences.

All of the large questions set out, if studied carefully, must be studied from various angles. We shall have the opportunity to "check up" with the beliefs that form our "philosophy of life," understanding always that our criteria here are variable, not constant. For instance, a plan which "checks up" with the beliefs that form our "philosophy of life," understanding always that our criteria here are variable, not constant.
seen sound? Let those who are interested in the economic conditions involved find out for us whether the principle made applicable to all nations seems economically sound. Is the principle of freedom of trade conformable to Christian doctrine? Let those interested in the ethical implications of the principle find out and tell the rest of us: Each of the bigger questions can profitably be approached from many angles. I should like to hear the biologists tell us how they relate the notion of the "survival of the fittest" to this question of world trade.

Borrowing Mas Scudder's suggestion, made at the Forum, I propose that one of the very important principles embodied generally in the peace negotiations, such as, for instance, the principle of granting self-determination to small peoples, be published in the News. The exact texts of the negotiations should be quoted and all belligerents, as far as possible, should be represented. A selected bibliography should be added. Various angles from which the special questions could be examined should be suggested. Then each member of the class might arrange a bulletin board or an address and sign up for study of the question in any aspect most interesting. At the end of a fortnight or so, a new question could be proposed and it would be possible for a person to view one question from one angle, another from another.

At the end of the year a Forum could be arranged in which student exchange of views could take place. I can imagine this might be an enthusiastic gathering. We should have ideas honestly arrived at. We might achieve there a large unifying of belief and we could then perhaps get behind ourselves, our community, our government and the allied democracies of the world with a rational conception of a new world order from one we know.

Ami Kelly

THE WELLESLEY COLLEGE NEWS

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FRIDAY
Mar. 8th.
SATURDAY
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Newest Spring Apparel
For Women and Misses

An extensive variety of styles appropriate for College Women
At Moderate Prices

THE WELLESLEY UNITE
(Continued from page 1, column 3)
of her life, she will be especially valuable in interpreting the Unit to peasant France and France to the Unit. Dr. Taylor-Jones' work in Serbia has been too often described in the News and QUARTERLY to require further elaboration here. Besides her Wellesley degree she is an M.S. of Columbia University and a graduate of Johns Hopkins University. She was instrumental in the founding of the Woman's Hospital, a specialty, infant feeding, is the author of several pamphlets on medical subjects, and is a practising physician in Washington, D.C., as well as a medical inspector in the Washington schools. Grace Bishop, known to Wellesley as head nurse at Simpson Infirmary, was graduated in '12 from St. Luke's Hospital, New York, and has also had experience in private nursing. In addition to her nursing experience, a graduate of the New York City Hospital in '12, Sarah Burrowes brings to the Unit former training in France as a Red Cross worker during 1916-17, where she spent the year at the American Ambulance Hospital at Neuilly. She has been visiting nurse and social worker in Montclair, N.J., and is present a member of the sanitary corps in Charlotte, N.C. Matilda Philp, a graduate of the New York College of Pharmacy, is a graduate of the New York College of Pharmacy in 1904, and later worked under the New York Charity Organization Society. For the past ten years she has been secretary and chief clerk at the G. O. S. (Montefield, N. J. Alice Wadnally '06, whom many Wellesley people will remember as a one-time manager of the Wellesley Inn has a varied experience to offer. She has managed a Y. M. C. A. restaurant in Manila, has been a resident worker at Denver Hospital, a manager of Simmons College dormitories, and the Martha Cook dormitory at Ann Arbor, Mich., and is present a social worker in connection with the factory of the Densiam Manufacturing Co. at Framingham. Harriet Root is expected to be "handy man," owing to her wide practical experience. She can drive and repair a car, paint buildings, and run a typewriter. After a course in agriculture at the Ohio State University, she successfully managed a 130-acre farm. She has also done volunteer work with the Associated Charities of Ohio, and with the Juvenile Court of Lorraine, Ohio, her home town. Mary Whitling is a graduate of the department of Home Economics of Simmons College '08, and has taught domestic science for nine years, lately at the High School of Practical Arts, Roxbury. During vacations she has managed lunch rooms in connection with Massasoit Vocational School. For the past year and a half since acquiring her B.A. degree at Wellesley, Ruth Lindsay has been private secretary to the President of Milwaukee-Dowling College, Milwaukee. She will take charge of all secretarial work for the Unit, as she is the only member of the group specially trained in such work.

It has been definitely decided that the work of the Unit will be among the "rapatriés," in camps established in central, southern and western France, where daily some 600 refugees arrive from the evacuated district, or from captivity in Germany. They arrive in pitiful condition, in immediate need of everything—food, clothing, baths, medical care, employment and housing. Ethel Sullivan '05, now with the Children's Bureau of the Red Cross in Paris, gives a brief description of that work which may illustrate the conditions our Unit workers are likely to encounter. "Most of our work is done with the rapatriés children who are so sick or so weakened by their captivity in Germany that the Fatherland has no use for them. They are being sent back in great convoys, in some places 1000 a day, and although they are a burden, of course, just as Germany wants them to be. France welcomes them with widespread arms. They are fed and warmed and cleaned and given houses, and if they are sick the Red Cross gives them the services of skilled doctors, nurses and dentists." All word from France describing the condition of these rapatriés brings the same story of the unpeachable condition of want, disease and filth in which the refugees arrive from the hands of their captors. The Wellesley workroom and Wellesley clubs will continue to make clothing to meet the needs of these French women and children. Wellesley Alumnae must send every effort to supply the remaining $8,000 to be raised before the Unit shall sail this done, we may feel that the personality of our pioneer group will satisfy the high claims of their strength, and justify Wellesley's confidence in her ability to be of service to the stricken French people.

APPOINTMENT BUREAU.

A notice on the Appointment Bureau bulletin board calls attention to the Boston School of Filing, recently opened in the Little Building, corner Boylston and Tremont Streets, Boston. This is under the management as the New York and the Philadelphia School of Filing. The course occupies a month's time, and the price of the tuition is $35. Attention is called to this opportunity of acquiring within a short time, and at a comparatively low expense, a definite asset in secretarial work.

COLLEGE NOTES.

ENDNOTES.
18. Duryea, Dartmouth '18 assigne of Marjorie Moses.
ULTIMATE IDEALS.

Miss Mary T. Blauvelt, Wellesley '89, an essayist and the author of several books on religious topics, gave an interpretation of the Beatitudes, explaining some of the difficult phrases. The poor in spirit, said the speaker, are those who retain the unworldliness and the wide human sympathy which we associate with the lack of material riches. Meekness, at its lowest, is self-control; at its highest, an absorption in lofty things so intense that one forgets himself so entirely that he is unconscious of personal eagerness in his eagerness to attain his goal. Miss Blauvelt characterized the Beatitudes as a description of the citizens of the heavenly kingdom, of their duties, and of their great right of blessedness or happiness.

E. H. '21.

MRS. MAGEE,

who led the Village Christian Association meeting at Elliot House, spoke on the need we of the college world have of letting the little things slide—even though they are good little things—and setting ourselves to make the most of the great opportunities which we have here. If we do not, we shall never be able to take up our part of the world's burden, for only by being something ourselves can we be of use to mankind. 

E. F. C. '21.

APPLIED IDEALISM.

Dr. George L. Parker of Winter Hill, Massachusetts, delivered the sermon at the Chapel service Sunday morning, March the third. He chose his text from the twelfth Chapter of John: "And if I be lifted up from the earth will draw all men unto myself." His was a fine, straightforward plea for applied idealism. To know the facts is only the first step towards understanding. We must elevate them in the light of great principles; we must single out from the network of detail the underlying truth. Especially is this doctrine to be applied to the facts of Jesus' life. Jesus, Dr. Parker told us, is absolutely passive and helpless. Before he can draw us we must have lifted him out of the maze of misinterpretation, out of the confusion of creedal philosophies, and particularly out of an unimportant place in our daily life. Only thus when we have elevated him can we draw us unto him and unto his way of life.

T. S. '19.

L. C. S. A. TALK AT CHAPEL.

Although Miss Katharine Hardwicke spoke for those interested in the Intercollegiate Community Service Association, her talk at Sunday vespers, was equally applicable to every student in college. As Field Secretary of the Association, as the connecting link between alumni and undergraduates, Miss Hardwicke emphasized the importance of training and of service in all college communities. Training, gained through service in college, leads to service among colleges, and finally, to service in the community and in all branches of organized charity. Certainly not less important, and perhaps more so, is social work in the present crisis.

E. S. '19.

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH.

The Sacred Rite of Confirmation will be administered at St. Andrew's Church on Sunday evening, March 10, at 7:30 o'clock. The sermon will be preached by the Rt. Rev. William Lawrence, D.D.

On Wednesday evening, March 13, the preacher will be the Rt. Rev. E. C. Acheson, D.D., Suffragan Bishop of Connecticut.

MISSIONARY PLEDGES.

The notices which you recently received from the Missionary Committee were only to let you know the amount of your pledge remaining to be paid in the second semester. They did not mean that you had to pay the entire sum at once.

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To the Editors of the News:

To meet the national emergency in military and public health nursing by recruiting college women—what are especially wanted because their previous education facilitates intensive training and rapid advancement to the posts of urgent need—there has been established at Vassar College a new summer school, known as the Training Camp for Nurses. This Camp will open June 35 and continue until September 15, and will be under the auspices of the National Council of Defense and the Red Cross.

The Camp provides an opportunity for college graduates to fit themselves for active service in one of the leading nursing professions of today with a shorter period of preparation than has ever been possible heretofore. Just as Plattsburg was the beginning of a system to train educated men for the big army, so the Vassar training system is designed to overcome the shortage of nurses that now confronts the country.

The Vassar idea is its equivalence in the nursing profession. It has cost several thousands of dollars to overcome the shortage of nurses that now confronts the country, 12,000 scientifically trained women are needed for every million soldiers, and our Allies, calling on America for trained women to aid their hospitals, and when the public health standards of the country are met, by new working and living conditions, and a growing scarcity of doctors and nurses in civil practice.

Although only the R.N.—the registered trained nurse—is officially recognized as able to perform the exacting duties required, young women undergraduates who demonstrate promise will have plenty of chances for actual work both in hospitals and the public health. That is the very reason why every effort is being made to obtain nurses in the shortest possible time. In addition to the opportunity for immediate patriotic service, there is the chance to enter a profession of dignity and relatively high rewards.

In the first place, the better positions of the nurses in the army will be in the main in New York and in other large centers. In the second place, even while taking the probationary course, the nurse is at no expense and is actually engaged in practical work. In the next place, the course is soon closed. The shortage of nurses would increase rather than diminish; for the field of public health nursing, sadly short of nurses now, is steadily widening. Public health work is coming to be more and more recognized as an exceptionally interesting and dignified profession, and the only drawback to its extension at present is the shortage of well-educated women of the sort who can take responsibility, act on their own initiative, and develop the latent possibilities of their jobs.

Salaries in the nursing profession range from $1500 to $5000, with, in most cases, maintenance included. Promotion, especially in these days of stress, comes rapidly, and from the very start the nurse is assured of as rapid progress as her ability justifies.

Small wonder then that college women who are graduates of classes between 1909 and 1918, inclusive, are manifesting great interest in the plans for the Vassar Camp, which will enable them to take advantage of their education so as to shorten the usual training course from three years to only two. The three months at the Camp will eliminate the tedious waiting of the regular training, doing away with much of the manual labor and elementary instruction, thus permitting the student to step right into advanced hospital work to complete her training for the "R. N." degree.

Vassar is situated on the hills above the Hudson, two hours from New York. It is on the State Road along the river, and it is a convenient stop-off on an automobile tour. Also, the Hudson river boats run regular trips and special excursions from Poughkeepsie and surrounding points. Lake Mohonk and other points of scenic and historical interest are nearby.

Anyone who has ever visited Vassar College in summer carries away memories of wide stretches of green lawn, fine shade trees, flowers in profusion, lakes and every condition of living comfort in the highest degree.

Add to these attractions buildings whose equipment and accommodations rival those of any college, and one realizes how splendidly Vassar is equipped as the place for this new project. The trustees have not only turned over the large quadrangle dormitories for the Camp Students, the newest hall for the Camp faculty, the laboratories, library and other special buildings for instruction purposes, but they have also made every effort to insure the physical comfort of the new students. The college farm will supply fresh vegetables and milk and full meal service will be continued.

The grounds will be kept up, the lakes, athletic fields, tennis courts, etc., in running order and open to the Camp Workers, under supervision of the physical director. In addition, the undergraduates have interested themselves in the newcomers so much that they have agreed to leave their rooms entirely furnished with all the knick knacks and comforts to make the "campers" feel at home. A recreation director will be on duty, and entertainments will be given in the large theatre of the "Students' Building" and in the outdoor theatre as well.

There will be a number of scholarships allowing students to take the course entirely without expense. One alumna of Vassar for example, too old, as she says, to become a nurse, has offered to "serve by proxy;" by paying the tuition and maintenance fees of some younger woman. The regular fees will amount to $50, which will cover every item, tuition, board, lodging, and laundry; less then a woman could live on in her own home for the same period.

The course of study has been devised by the National Emergency Nursing Committee of the Council of National Defense, and the faculty already comprises the leading medical and nursing authorities of the country. The faculty and advisory board together present an array of names which no hospital or training school in America has ever been able to show.

The Dean of the Camp is Herbert E. Mills, professor of economics at Vassar. Dr. C. E. A. Winkler of Yale University will be professor of bacteriology and hygiene; Miss Florence Sabin, Johns Hopkins' anatomy and physiology; Professor Margaret Weatherhead, Vassar, psychology; Dr. Charles H. Park, New York Department of Health, bacteriology; Professor Helen Pope, Carnegie Institute, dietetics.

Any one wishing information as to the Camp or the opportunities for nurses should write to the Recruiting Committee, 106 East 52 Street, New York City, or courses, instructors, etc., may be obtained by addressing Dean Mills, Vassar College, Poughkeepsie, N. Y.

Gabrielle Elliott, Assistant Publicity Director.

A NEW BUREAU FOR COLLEGE WOMEN.

Cleveland, Ohio.

Cleveland is making an effort to aid in meeting the demand for trained women in all fields of work, by the establishment of a Bureau of Occupations for Trained Women, in the State City Labor Exchange.

The Bureau is in a position to give advice and assistance to college graduates who are interested in finding positions or near Cleveland in business, social work, library work, home economics and many special branches of opportunity. No charge is made to either applicant or employer.

Further information may be secured from the Secretaries, Miss Lucy M. Park, Room 108, City Hall, Cleveland, Ohio.

HOW WE HANG ON.

Of the $27,000,000 worth of Liberty Bonds bought at Wellesley College this fall, a large percentage were partial payment bonds. While statistics are not available to show just what percentage of these buyers are "hanging on" it is interesting to note that, generally speaking, the percentage of persons who bought Second Liberty Bonds on the partial payment plan, and who have been obliged to discontinue payments, is surprisingly small. The impression that heartless and worthless people were willing to stop payments on their bonds is not borne out by facts learned in an investigation, the results of which are just reported by the Liberty Loan Committee of New England.

Inquiries were made of several hundred corporations adding the number of subscribers and of defaulters to the First and Second Loans on the partial payment plan. Replies have been received from 120 corporations. The results show that for the entire New England States only five and one hundred per cent of subscribers to the Second Loan have defaulted in their payments, as compared with thirteen per cent who defaulted in the First Loan.
WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY

SCHOOL OF NURSING

Nursing offers to women an opportunity for practical service, a splendid preparation for life and a profession of broad social usefulness. Washington University gives a three years' course in Nursing. Theoretical instruction is given in the University college in the wards of Barnes and St. Louis Children's Hospitals, Washington University Dispensary and Social Service Department. Practical training is offered to applicants having an A.A. or B.S. degree from this college.

THE CONFERENCE OF NEWS-MAGAZINES.

The Association of News Magazines of Women's Colleges held its second conference at Wellesley on Saturday, March 2. All of the ten colleges which belong to the Association were represented, each college sending its editor-in-chief, business manager and one assistant editor. Smith, Vassar, Mt. Holyoke, Barnard, Goucher, Connecticut, Hunter, Wheaton, Radcliffe, and Wellesley were the colleges present at this meeting.

The conference, held in the Brooks room in the Library, began at nine-thirty with a joint meeting of the officers of the two associations. Mrs. Wellesley was president of the Association for 1917-18, Dorothy Greene presided. A constitution which had been drawn up by Barnard and Hunter was presented and accepted. After this business was over the managers withdrew for a separate conference in which to discuss the various problems of financing and managing a college paper.

The editors then discussed informally questions of financing and the next day was given over to the managers of the ten colleges in the study of their papers and the make-up of the paper. The three main subjects discussed were the College Paper in War Time, Division of Labor, and Cooperative Systems.

LITERATURE AND JOURNALISM.

In his informal talk on the literary aspects of journalism, at Tower Court last Saturday afternoon, Dr. Samuel McChord Crothers distinguished between the kind of writing one finds in books and the kind found in newspapers. The former type is apt to be the most lasting, for it is written with more care and thought. Yet it is a very small part of this writing that is of enduring quality. The writing that does endure is not dependent on the age it represents, but is dependent on what Dr. Crothers calls an "accident" in which the word and the idea are happily combined. Since these accidents do not always occur when need is greatest, it is easy to see that writing which is to have true literary quality cannot be done by order. For this reason, newspaper writing can never be of any enduring literary value. Its value lies in the practice it gives the writer and its outside value to the public. In every age the duty of its literature is to re-express and re-interpret the ideas of the ages before in relation to the present, and to give the events and reflect the times.

WHY NOT A DAILY NEWS?

That the weekly "news-magazine" of the women's college is an anomaly in the field of journalism was the fact strikingly brought out by Mr. Oscar Stevens, Assistant Editor of the Christian Science Monitor when he addressed the Association of News Magazines of Women's Colleges on Saturday evening. Mr. Stevens showed that the college weekly is indeterminate in its purpose and is therefore neither one thing nor the other in journalism. The question which he brought before the conference was, "Why do not the large women's colleges publish a daily paper?"

Recognizing the inaccessibility of the presses where college papers are usually printed, Mr. Stevens answered his own question, but expressed the belief that the advantage of the daily, together with the possibility of doing the job printing for the college on its own campus, would make feasible the establishment of a college press and that, if the determination to secure such a press were strong enough its expense would not long stand...
THE LATEST THING.

"Did you go to the lecture last night?"
"Yes."
"Well, what did the man mean by 'nationalism'?"
"I don't know—unless it's what we have for breakfast!"

M. L. R., 20.

HERBIE HOOVER.
(Printed by request.)

Little Herbie Hoover's come to our house to stay,
To make us scrape the dishes clean, an' keep the crumbs away,
An' learn us to make war bread, an' save up all the green,
For the less we eat of butter, the sooner we'll have peace.
An' all us other children, when our scanty meal is done,
We gather up around the fire an' has the mostest fun
A-listenin' to the proteins that Herbie tells about.
An' the calories that git you
Ef you don't watch out!

An' little Herbie Hoover says, when the fire burns low,
An' the vitamins are creepin' from the shadows so soft and slow,
You better eat the things the Food Folk say theys plenty of,
An' cheat the garbage pail, an' give all butcher's meat the shove.
An' gobble up the corn pone an' vegetables an' fish.
An' save your drippin' an' yer sweets an' lick clean ever' dish.
An' don't get fresh a-talkin' of what you won't do without,
Or the calories'll git you
Ef you don't watch out!

Sophie Kerr, in Life.

IN THE LIBRARY.

Sweetly sibilant, softly stirring—
What is it whistling so nigh my own ear?
Is it—
Can it be a voice, two voices,
So sweet, so soft, so insistent?
It is!
I follow the reasonings of Mr. Aristotle—
Virtue is, and virtue is not, and then it is something else.
"S - s - s?" sinuously snake-like,
Cooing about my understanding.
Sideways I dart a glance of forked lightning!
Virtue is— and virtue is not—
"S - s - s - s - s - s - s - s - s - s - s-
Insistently it whines, it matches me from Virtue.
Virtue forsakes me.
"S - s - s - shut up!" I snap.

"Penelope."

TYPICAL.

There are many types in college.
That he who runs may read.
There are those who come for knowledge
And devour it with much greed.

There are those who never miss a show.
And feast just like Belshazzar.
Those "trip the light fantastic toe"
Within the "Copler-Phaser."
We have in goodly multitudes
The brown-eyed, athletic.
We have the highbrow attitudes
Of brainy, aesthetic.

There are a million types and one.
But she "I never knew
Who has her final paper done
A week before it's due.

"This girl strictly speaking is not a type. She
Is a typographical error."

T. S. '19.
ANOTHER VASSAR IDEA.
From the Committee on Public Information.
Division on Women's War Work.

The Vassar Alumnae of Washington, D. C., will
start a cafeteria for Government employees. With
the assistance and advice of the North and West
Extension Divisions of the States Relations Ser-
vice of the Department of Agriculture the District
of Columbia branch of the Vassar Alumnae has
procured a large house on Thirteenth Street
Southeast near the Department of Agriculture
buildings which will be opened and operated in
the interest of Government employees. This build-
ing will be used as a residence for a limited num-
ber of the women employees of the Department.

The chief feature of the building will be a
cafe which will be run in accordance with Food
Administration ideas. This cafe will provide
nutritious meals for those coming in to be
served and also hot box lunches which may be
sent to those desiring them throughout the various
Department buildings.

Well balanced evening meals are to be prepared
in the kitchen of this cafe. These may either be
carried home in containers by the employees, or
a delivery system may be provided which will con-
vey the food to different sections of the city. The
object of serving these hot meals is not alone for
the convenience of purchasers but is as well to
serve the educational purpose of demonstrating the
uses of meat and wheat substitutes as adva-
ced by the Department of Agriculture.

LOST, STRAYED, OR —?
Robinson's History of Western Europe, contain-
ing name of owner, Edith Wallace, has vanished from
English Literature 35 Reserve Shelf, where Miss
Wallace had generously put it before mid-
year. Will all present possessors of this book please see if by chance they have kidnapped this
missing copy? The Reward of a Good Conscience
will belong to the saint,—or sinner,—who returns
the hook to the owner or to the undersigned.

MARTHA F. CORNANT.

SERIOUS LOSS.
Some very valuable costume-pictures of the
eighteenth century belonging to the German De-
partment have disappeared. Will the finder very
kindly notify some member of the German De-
partment? The pictures are needed for use in
several courses.

LOST.

At Z. A., February 28, at Class Officers Party a
blue silk umbrella with a flat-knobbed wooden
handle and a blue silk cord. Will gladly exchange
one I have for it. Esquire at 16 Noanet.

PERKINS Garage TaxI Service
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A LETTER TO AMERICAN WOMEN.

"There is one thing I want especially to impress
on American women," says Dr. Esther Lovejoy,
who has just returned from France where she has
been doing Red Cross work, "and that is that
they should not attempt any work that they
can do here. I mean that there are many
things—knitted articles, bandages, supplies of
all sorts, which can be made here better than
they can there. We have better facilities to work
with and the living conditions are very much more
comfortable. It is hard for us to realize that over
there they must count the cost of food down to
the last morsel. It is entirely possible for a
woman who could be of real value by doing the
same work here to cost more than her work would
be worth there. Money doesn't cut any figure
there. It isn't as if the woman who helps to
help could not do a great work here, because she can,
and all that they have over there depends upon
the work of American women. They must know
that they have our backing and sympathy."

"All these things must be considered if our help
is to be truly worth while. It isn't just what
we would like to do, but what will help
France most, that we should think about. And
we are not only helping France, but ourselves.
In fact, what we are doing now, because the
fight that is won in France will not have to be
fought here."

Dr. Lovejoy went to France as a free lance.
For the last three months she has been working
under the direction of the Red Cross.

When asked, "What are the French women do-
ing?" she answered: "What are they doing? Everything
that the men did before the war and
everything they are doing now, and their
own work besides. Everything necessary, that is;
all the non-essential work has been cut out.
There is no time for anything but the things that
count.

"And American women are doing all they can
to relieve the French women and children
and soldiers. They are helping with canteens, they are
nursing, they are doing a great deal in a financial
way to back up the organizations of the French
people, especially for the care of French children.

France realizes the value of the child and how
much the survival of their nation depends upon
saving the children. Every step to that end for
the three years. The 'regattas,' among whom are
the little children, many of them orphans, have been
coming through Evian at the rate of a thousand
a day, you begin to get a very small idea of what
the work for children means. These are the children
of the evicted French, and they are too young
to be of service to the Germans. Sometimes
their parents are dead, or lost, or worse. The father
may be a prisoner of war, and the rather a slave work-
ing under the slave-drivers in the rear of the Ger-
man army. Beside these children there are the
little folks whose fathers are at the front, and
their mothers working—perhaps in munition fac-
tories. Their lot is not so pitiful, but it is sad
enough and yet the way the French people are
rising to the emergency, and looking after these
youngsters is simply wonderful.

"As to what we can do—by which I suppose
you mean, What can American women do? I
should say that the first, most obvious thing is to
back up the work of the Red Cross, which is
backing up every other factory industry and other-
wise, that is doing relief work in France. It is
really the foundation upon which most of them
rest."

COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC INFORMATION,
DIVISION OF WOMEN'S WAR WORK.

PRIZE ESSAYS.

The Committee to whom was assigned the deci-
sion upon the merits of the papers contesting
for the prizes offered by Messrs. Hart Schaffner
& Marx, of Chicago, for 1917, has agreed upon
the following awards:

Class A.
1. The first prize of $1,000 to Edmond Earle
Lincoln, B. A., Ohio Wesleyan University, 1909,
B. A., Oxford University, England, 1910, M. A.,
Oxford University, 1914, Ph. D., Harvard Uni-
versity, 1917, instructor in Economics Radcliffe
College, for a paper entitled The Results of Mu-
icipal Electric Lighting in Massachusetts.
2. The second prize of $800 to Frank Hyneman
Knight, B. S., University of Tennessee, 1913,
Ph. D., Cornell University, 1916, instructor in
Political Economy in the University of Chicago,
for an essay entitled Cost, Value and Profit.
3. Honorable Mention to Homer E. Gregory,
A. B., Washington State College, 1916, Graduate
student in the University of Chicago, for an essay
titled The Aluminum Industry.
4. Honorable Mention to Paul F. Bricenden,
A. B., University of Denver, U. S. Department of
D. C., for an essay entitled The Industrial Workers
of the World.

Class B.
1. The first prize of $800 to Moses B. Levin,
undergraduate in the University of Chicago,
for an essay entitled The Marketing of Wrapping
Paper.
2. The second prize of $600 to Miss Nelle Mar-
tin, undergraduate in the University of Missouri,
for a paper entitled The Theory and Practice of the
Legal Minimum Wage in the United States.
In deciding upon the rank of the papers, the
Committee is not responsible for the concrete opinions expressed by the contestants.

J. LAWRENCE LASHLEY,
J. B. CLARK,
HENRY C. ARNAS,
EDWIN F. GAY,
THEODORE B. BURLINGTON.

Chicago, January 1918.

IMPORTANT NAVAL FUNCTION.

By order of the commanding officer of 1918 and
for able staff, the officers of 1919, 1920 and 1921
reported on deck at Zeta Alpha on Thursday after-
noon, February 28, 1919 arrived in full mili-
tary regalia—cooked hats, brown-silk guns, and
tattered flags flying. The guests soon found that
it was a navy function, and everyone was decor-
ed with epaulets bearing the insignia of his, or
rather her, rank. Navy etiquette was suspended,
however, while admiral and officers walked
with senior-lieutenants with buglers. Navy punch,
of which Secretary Daniels could not fail to approve,
was appropriately served in ten cups. After the
dancing and the general informal good time, the
officers reluctantly withdrew to their respective
quarters.

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For a limited time we offer superior grade, all wool, khaki yarn, direct from the mill.

$2.65 a Pound. 70c a Skein

Strong and serviceable. Excellent for garments for boys in the trenches. We
pay delivery charges and guarantee satis-
face. Samples free.

NORFOLK YARN CO.
Dept. K, 248 Boylston Street, Boston
Why Not a College Daily?
(Continued from page 6, column 3)

she is informed by the daily press, America is
to think, as Russia has proved she cannot
blind to other fields, the college
paper should bind together the conflicting
elements which come together as a college. Mr.
Stevens' general advice to the college editor was
to center on one object and make the telling of
the news such a vital and truthful thing that
the paper will really reflect and interpret the college
to the reader within and without.

Mr. Stevens not only made this general criticism
of the policy of the college journalist, but he also
gave helpful advice upon such specific problems
as the arrangement of material in the paper, the
psychology of headlines, and the ethics of news
writing.

THE FUTURE OF COLLEGE PAPERS.

Further light was thrown upon the position of
the college weekly by Mr. Morton S. Rotsky of
the Collegiate Special Advertising Agency of New
York. In addressing the recent conference, he
pointed out the fact, which he believes to be little
understood and appreciated by college authorities
and by undergraduate editors, that the reputation
of the college in the business world is dependent
upon the college paper. The day when the college
papers depended for their existence upon charitable
advertising is rapidly passing; business
men are recognizing that such papers, as
they become more serious and more vital to the
college life, are becoming also a most valuable
medium for advertising. Especially is college
advertising profitable to the business man as it
enables him to influence the habits of the future
buyers. Thus, Mr. Rotsky believes, if the college
paper is aware of the value of its space to the
business man, its literary editors can carry it to
whatever degree of development they choose, con-
fident that the increase from advertising will in-
crease with the excellence of the paper.

MORE BOOKS FOR THE BROWNING
LIBRARY.

Our precious possession, by gift of Professor
George Herbert Palmer, of a Browning Library
of first editions, in memory of Mrs. Palmer, rec-
erved twenty-thirds of December last, their
thirtieth wedding anniversary, the following
notable additions:

Two volumes, beautifully bound, of Mrs.
Browning's Poems, edition of 1844, corrected by
her own hand, previous for the edition of
1856. The directions to the printer are in the
bolder script of Robert Browning.

Browning's copy, autographed, of the Works
of Agrippa, that sixteenth century German magician
to whom the poet refers both in Sardello and
Paradise. This copy had once belonged to Sir Kenelm
Digby, one of the most brilliant figures at the
court of Charles I.

Browning's copy of Aenius, autographed
"Robert Browning, Apr. 24, '71," a small, insop-
ensive volume of the Cambridge Greek and Latin
texts.

The Battle of Marathon, a very rare volume
whose acquisition leaves only one gap in this slowly
formed collection of first editions. Browning's
Pascal, for which Professor Palmer once offered
two hundred dollars, only to be outbid, is still
lacking. Of The Battle of Marathon but four or
five copies are known to exist. Our newly acquired
volume, bought by Professor Palmer at the
Brocklum sale for one hundred and fifty dollars, is,a
presentation copy to Mrs. Browning's favorite
sister.

All these books tempt Browning students to
diligent investigations. The Battle of Mar-
athon, written by Elizabeth Barrett as a ten-year-
old and printed for her by her father two years
later, sheds a curious light on her precocity. She
dedicates this poem (from Hope End, 1919) to her
father, "Him to whom I owe the most." and
whose Admonitions have guided by Youthful Muse
even from her earliest infancy." As for the poem itself,
although the child poet states that she
has chosen as her model "Homer, the most
perfect of the votaries of Apollo," the effect is that
of Homer through Pope.

Of the Greek volume Professor Palmer writes:
"The cheap little Aenius seemed to me par-
ticularly interesting. Browning translated the
Agamemnon, and this was his pocket copy." This,
too, suggests a question to the Browning student,
in view of the singularly clean pages of this little
volume; the author's self-criticism.

Value work, in connection not only with
Paracelsus and Sardello but with later poems ex-
pressive of Browning's philosophy, might be done
on this fascinating Agrippa volume, this old Latin
book, worn, eaten, with its curious astrological
figures, and, every here and there, sections and
pages torn as by close reading.

Simpler studies on the proof-sheets of
Browning's Poems readily suggest themselves.

These sheets, when they came into Professor
Palmer's possession, were loose in a leather
pouch, apparently of home manufacture. Having
meandered and arranged them in order, he bound them
in fine leather in these two volumes, which come to
us enclosed in the original pouch.

On looking through the proofs, it is evident that
the best underwent the least alteration; that
where corrections were made, they are almost
imperceptible improvements. The Dead Poet, The
Cry of the Hymn, To Whom My Dog are un-
touched. The Rhyme of the Duches May, The
Sea-Mew, Cooper's Grave, The Lay of the Brown
Rosary, Wise of Cypres, The Lost Roper, The
Rouleur of the Swans' Nest show but the slight-
est alterations. The Romance of the Pape is un-
changed except for the substitution (line 6, stanza
8) of wear for true. On the other hand, in the
twenty-three stanzas of A Romance of the Gangers
only three escape alterations that are in some
cases extensive, while one entire stanza, the thir-
teenth, is new. There are several significant substi-
tutions in Lady Godwin's Courtship and a
few in The Cry of the Children. The House of
Choloes is bettered by almost every touch. In
this one lyric, the changes and the reasons for
these changes would make, especially for students
of the poetic art, a rewarding study.

K. L. B.

I. C. S. A. FELLOWSHIPS.

Intercollegiate Community Service Association
and Bryan Mixer, Smith and Wellesley Fellowships
of $430 for 1918-1919:

Requirements: Candidates must be graduates of
one of the above Colleges and must present satis-
factory evidence of good health and a special
fitness for social work.

Plus: The fellow will live for nine months of
the fellowship year in the Boston, New York or
Philadelphia Settlement where board is at $7 a week.
The Academic work will be arranged to best sup-
plement the student's college courses, in Boston,
at the School for Social Worker or at Radcliffe;
in New York, at the School of Philosophy or at
Columbia; and in Philadelphia at Bryn Mawr.
The "practicum" will be for the most part at the
Settlement although special opportunities for prac-
tice work outside the Settlement will be arranged
desirable.

Please write for further information and for appli-
cation blanks to the chairman of the I. C. S. A. fellows-
ship committee.

Miss Florence Jackson,
364 Boylston Street,
Boston, Mass.

PATRIOTISM Demands the Conservation of Wool.

Do your bit and be both stylish and comfortable in costumes of
Silk. The quality Silks wear like cloth and look far handsome
You are sure of quality and style leadership when you buy

MALLINSON'S
Silks de Luxe

Be sure that the identification marks are on the selvage of
Khaki-Kool and
Pussy Willow and on the board or box of
Will O' The Wisp and
Indestructible Voile. They are
there for your protection.

Ask for the new Silks, Rosshana
Crepe, Ray A. Noll, Amherst, and Sel-
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NEW YORK

[Image of advertisement for MALLINSON'S Silks de Luxe]
LADY Sealpax Athletic Underwear is just like brother’s—cool, loose-fitting, thoroughly comfortable. It is real athletic underwear cut on figure-conforming lines and dainty enough to please the most exacting girl.

The athletic cut armhole, yielding elastic back-band, roomy athletic drawer and ventilated waistband, are features that make Lady Sealpax the logical underwear for the active women of today.

"Lady Sealpax"
The New Athletic Underwear for Women

Lady Sealpax comes crisp and fresh from the laundry in a sealed sanitary Sealpax envelope, ready to wear.

If your dealer hasn’t Lady Sealpax, write to us for further facts.

THE SEALPAX COMPANY
Dept. 6
Baltimore, Md.

Alumnae Department

Agnes M. Goodell, 1863, who died on February 20 at her mother’s home in Linden Street, was not widely known to members of the Wellesley College of today. But pages on pages of early records attest her years of service in the Secretary’s office. In the little time left to her Miss Goodell attended classes, so that more than one College generation of students was familiar with her slender figure and with her baffling expression of intent thoughtfulness and deep reserve. Since 1898 Miss Goodell has been a member of the Harvard Library staff, travelling back and forth between Cambridge and Wellesley. More than one of her friends on the Wellesley faculty gratefully remembers the help she has lavishly given from this vantage ground—the citations she has verified, the books she has found, the passages she has copied. She had keen intellectual interests, a scholar’s accuracy, a passion for truth, an utter incapacity for pretense, and an undue humility. One imagines her as incredulously watching the gates of Heaven swing open to her.

M. W. C.

MARRIAGES

99. O’Connor-Flower. In January, at Chicago, Ill., Mrs. Louise MacFarland Flower to Mr. John J. O’Connor, formerly Vice President of the American Red Cross.
ALICE MAYNARD

Announces

A unique assemblage of

GOWNS
BLOUSSES
SUITS
SPORT SKIRTS
SPORT SWEATERS
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DISTINCTIVE FUR COATS
and NOVELTY FUR SETS

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Not to be found elsewhere

546 FIFTH AVENUE
Corner 56th Street
NEW YORK

Mr. Sumner Salter, Organist

THE SEVENTH ORGAN RECITAL

Mr. Sumner Salter, Organist at Williams College, Williamstown, Mass., will give the following recital program in the Memorial Chapel on Thursday, March 7, 1918, at 8 o'clock.

Program

I. Sonata No. 1, in F minor Mendelssohn Allegro moderato e serioso
Adagio
Andante con moto
Allegro assai sostenuto

II. Nocturne in A flat Giuseppe Ferrata
Scherny in G minor
To a Waterfall

M. Enrico Boari
E. Alex. MacDowell

III. The Garden of Iram R. Spalding Stoughton
Scherny Pastoral
An Oriental Sketch
Marche Russe

Oscar E. Schmidt

The next recital will be given on Thursday, March 14, by Gordon Batch Nevin, of Boston.

SOCIETY PROGRAM MEETINGS

TAU ZETA EPSILON

Models: Edna Holtorf '19
Miriam Small '19

Critics: Frances Dunham '18
Marie Hense '18
Sub-critics: Rita Pond '19
Clarice Lewis '19.

2. Santa Barbara by Vecchio—now in the Church of St. M. Formosa, Venice.
Model: Mary Long '19
Critics: Cornelia Kellogg '18
Sub-critics: Blanche Cameron '18

Model: Grace Chadwick '18
Critics: Beatrice Mead '18
Sub-critics: Ruth Brooks '19

Discussion of the work represented by the pictures given: Margaret Howe '18.

ZETA ALPHA

CHARACTERISTICS OF BERNARD SHAW

Characteristics of Bernard Shaw, Dramatist, and Summary of Acts I and II of Major Barbara

Isabel Bassett, Third Act of Major Barbara.

Major Barbara

Maralin Holliday

Stephen

Evelyn Russell

Father

Alice Burbank

Adolphus

Hazel Martin

Charles

Ruth Cardin

Lady Brindamore

Isabel Boyd

Maid

Elisabeth Hanlon

Stella

Grace Roberts

Saral Underdesh

Grace Roberts

PHI SIGMA

THE ROCKING STONE OF TRUEGUE

A Boston Legend

Dramatized by Katherine Donovan.

Annika

Gertrude Syres

Mary Edwards

Lao

Jeanette Neunrath

Mathwin

Stanley Partridge

Priest

Brotherhood

HALE HOUSE INTRODUCED TO WELLESLEY.

The daily work at Hale House in Boston was described by Mrs. Eames at the I. C. S. A. meeting held February 8 at T. Z. A. Mrs. Amy's stories of these unfortunate people were pitiful though sometimes amusing. She voiced her appreciation of the bloomers sent from Wellesley to aid in the success of the newly started gymnasium work. With the girls of sixteen years and older, Mrs. Amy said, there is difficulty in arousing interest and she was glad of the impetus given this physical training by Wellesley's gift of "gym suits."

Mrs. Amy was very enthusiastic concerning the opportunities for Wellesley girls serving next year at Hale House just as at Denison House. Before the meeting was adjourned the new pledge was voted upon and is to be used in welcoming those who join the association during the spring campaign for members.

C. H., '21

APPOINTMENT BUREAU

Miss Hannah J. Patterson, Secretary of the Woman's Committee of the Council of National Defense, to whom it will be recalled that applications for service at Washington were to be addressed, writes to President Pendleton to say that all the women needed for the present have now been secured, and that she therefore does not care to receive further applications at present. She is sincerely grateful to the College and to candidates from Wellesley who have responded to the appeal and have furnished some good material for the work.

Miss Patterson suggests that all who wish Government work at Washington apply directly to the Civil Service Commission at Washington, D. C., take the examinations, and hold themselves in readiness.

A similar communication comes from the Interstate Intelligence Bureau, Mummy Building, Washington, D. C. The Secretary, Mr. James L. Phillips, wishes the Appointment Bureau to keep on file the applications of undergraduate candidates until he is ready to receive them. He asks that for the present undergraduate candidates will not send their applications directly and individually to himself, but rather to the Secretary of the Wellesley College Appointment Bureau.
COLLEGE CALENDAR.

Thursday, March 7. 4:40 P. M. At the Barn. Student Government Meeting.

Friday, March 8. S. P. M. At Billings Hall. "Wild Bird Friends," an illustrated lecture under the auspices of the Wellesley Bird Club, by Mr. Whittred Peckard, Secretary-Treasurer of the Massachusetts Audubon Society.

Saturday, March 9. 7:30 P. M. Society Initiations. 7:45 P. M. At the Barn. Concert by the Phillips Exeter Glee Club.


2 P. M. Vespers. Special Music.

Wednesday, March 13. Christian Association Meetings.

7:45 P. M. At Billings Hall. Speaker and topic to be announced.

7:35 P. M. At East. Speaker, Miss Agnes F. Perkins. Topic, College Life in Constantinople.

Thursday, March 14. 8 P. M. At the Chapel. Mr. Gordon B. Neris will give an organ recital.

Friday, March 15. 8 P. M. At Billings Hall. A piano recital by Mme. Antoinette Samonos.

Saturday, March 16. Intercollegiate Debate.

GOOD WORK AT BARN PLAY.

One could hardly fancy a greater contrast than the effect of the second Barn performance, the first and second of March, between The Golden Door by Lord Dunsany and Help Wanted: Female, by Sally Calkins Wood. Yet both offered splendid opportunities for clever work by the cast and the co-aches. Hildegard Nichols and Margaret Horton, and much ingenuity on the part of the committees under Louise Hunter and Dorothy Wilson. The committee chairmen were as follows: Costumers, Ruth Boekjian; Properties, Emma Katharine Anderson; Scenery, Alison Kingsbury; Lighting, Louise Blakeslee; Printing, Marian Badg.

The first one-act play, The Golden Door, although it showed the need for further polishing, was essentially an artistic production. The lines and complete action of a child's verse being interpreted as a dream from the stars, only averted by the sacrifice of the King's overweening pride was highly poetic and imaginative. The scenery and costumes designed and made by members of the college added greatly to the effect; and the lighting in spite of the discrepancies of the Barn was particularly good.

The second play, Help Wanted: Female, took the house with its unusually consistent acting and up-to-the-minute plot. We may justly be proud of this second Wellesley play, for the lines were clever and the action held our interest from the entrance of the old curio hunter to the final satisfying declaration of the captain that he meant to be "as brave a husband." The uniforms of khaki and the light French blue with its military cape gave the last touch of modern romance to the story of the Austrian spy parading as a wounded French officer.

The cast necessitated many men's parts, and they were all unusually well taken. The scenes between Captain Stanley and Lieutenant Jerry Caumeron were most natural, and Susanne's blasts of temper were delightful. Ernest Favier's acting of the foreign spy was especially finished; the French accent with its lapse into "God sie Dank" was well done, and the same passion of love scenes were convincingly part of the character. Minor parts in both plays were well taken.

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COLLEGE NOTES.

The students in Latin 4 presented at Billings Hall last Friday evening, March 1, acts from the comedies studied in class. The Latin had been translated into English by the actors, wholly without the assistance of their instructor. An amusing feature in the well-given performance was the frequent appearance of names of nearby towns for oaths. It was the custom of the Greek and Roman playwrights to use for this purpose names of cities familiar to their audiences. The American producers, therefore, in translating emulated the expressions "By Newton! By Wellesley Hills!" and, as the crowning bit of expiative "By Wellesley!"


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